#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Material Name : Shell Omala S4 GX 460

Recommended Use / Restrictions of Use

Gear lubricant.

Product Code : 001D7853

Supplier : Công Ty Shell Vietnam TNHH

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Number

làm việc

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification : NOT HAZARDOUS,

**GHS Label Elements** 

Symbol(s)

No symbol

GHS Hazard Statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

**HEALTH HAZARDS:** 

Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** 

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

**GHS Precautionary** 

**Statements** 

: PREVENTION:

No precautionary phrases.

RESPONSE:

No precautionary phrases.

STORAGE:

No precautionary phrases.

DISPOSAL:

No precautionary phrases.

Signal Words

Other Hazards which do not result in classification

No signal word

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Preparation Description**: Blend of polyolefins and additives.

**Hazardous Components** 

Chemical Identity CAS Identification No. Conc.

Long-chain alkyl amine 0.10 - 0.24 %

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

**Inhalation** : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If

symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

**Skin Contact** : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water

and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

**Eye Contact** : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion** : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Most Important

Symptoms/Effects, Acute

& Delayed

Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

Immediate medical attention, special

treatment

: Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Specific hazards arising

from Chemicals

: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic

compounds.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing** 

Media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Protective Equipment &

**Precautions for Fire** 

**Fighters** 

: Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and** 

**Emergency Procedures** 

Environmental **Precautions** 

: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate

barriers.

**Methods and Material for Containment and Clean** 

Up

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clav. sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

**Additional Advice** : Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of **General Precautions** 

> vapours, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of

this material.

**Precautions for Safe** 

Handling

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety

footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment

should be used.

**Conditions for Safe** 

Storage

: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Storage

Temperature: 0 - 50 °C / 32 - 122 °F

For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high **Recommended Materials** 

density polyethylene.

**Unsuitable Materials** 

Other Advice

PVC.

Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

#### Biological Exposure Index (BEI) - See reference for full details

Data not available

Appropriate Engineering

**Controls** 

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control

Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or

mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

Individual Protection Measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

**Respiratory Protection** 

No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65°C(149°F)].

**Hand Protection** 

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

**Eye Protection** 

: Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to

**Protective Clothing** 

Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes.

Thermal Hazards
Monitoring Methods

Not applicable.

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also

be appropriate.

**Environmental Exposure Controls** 

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

: > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)

: > 6 (based on information on similar products)

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance**: Amber. Liquid at room temperature.

Odour : Slight hydrocarbon
Odour threshold : Data not available
pH : Not applicable.

Initial Boiling Point and

**Boiling Range** 

Pour point : Typical -36 °C / -33 °F

Flash point : Typical 264 °C / 507 °F (COC)

Upper / lower : Typical 1 - 10 %(V)

Flammability or Explosion limits

Explosion limits

Auto-ignition temperature : > 320 °C / 608 °F

Vapour pressure : < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))

**Relative Density** : Typical 0.879 at 15 °C / 59 °F **Density** : Typical 879 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F

Water solubility : Negligible.

Solubility in other : Data not available

solvents

n-octanol/water partition

coefficient (log Pow)

**Dynamic viscosity** : Data not available

Kinematic viscosity : Typical 462.6 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F

Vapour density (air=1) : > 1 (estimated value(s))
Evaporation rate : Data not available

(nBuAc=1)

**Decomposition** : Data not available

Temperature

Flammability : Data not available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability : Stable.

Possibility of Hazardous : Data not available

Reactions

**Conditions to Avoid** : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials : Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous : Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form

**Decomposition Products** during normal storage.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the

toxicology of similar products.

**Likely Routes of** : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure

**Exposure** although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute Oral Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat

Acute Dermal Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity** Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal

conditions of use.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation : Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin

contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin

resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

**Serious Eye** Damage/Irritation **Respiratory Irritation**  Expected to be slightly irritating.

: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.

Respiratory or Skin

Sensitisation

: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Repeated Dose Toxicity Not expected to be a hazard.

**Aspiration Hazard** Not considered an aspiration hazard.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** : Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity Components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic

effects.

Reproductive and **Developmental Toxicity Additional Information** 

Not expected to be a hazard.

: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled

with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for **Basis for Assessment** 

this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the

components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

**Acute Toxicity** Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic

> organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) (LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test

extract).

Microorganisms

Data not available

**Mobility** 

Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If

it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be

Persistence/degradability Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents

are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment. : Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

**Bioaccumulative** 

Other Adverse Effects

**Potential** 

Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not

expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical

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ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in

drains or in water courses.

Container Disposal : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to

a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

**Local Legislation** : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

#### **IMDG**

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

#### IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

**Local Inventories** 

EINECS : All components

listed or polymer

exempt.

TSCA : All components

listed

Sensitiser not sufficient

to classify

Contains alkylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other Information : Article 29 of the Law on Chemicals, and Annex 5 and Section

D of Circular 12/2006/TT-BCN dated 22 December 2006 of the

Ministry of Industry ("Circular 12").

Vietnamese regulations on transport: Decree 13/2003/ND-CP of the Government dated 19 February 2003 stipulating list of

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dangerous goods and road transportation of dangerous goods; Circular 02/2004/TT-BCN of Ministry of Industry dated 31/12/04 guiding Decree 13/2003/ND-CP dated 19/2/03; Decree 29/2005/ND-CP of the Government dated 10/3/05 issuing list of dangerous goods and inland water transportation of dangerous goods.

Law on Chemicals; Decree 108/2008/ND-CP dated 07/10/2008 of the Government on implementing the Law on Chemicals; Decree 68/2005/ND-CP dated 20/05/2005 of the Government on Chemical Safety; Circular 12/2006/TT-BCN dated 22 December 2006 of the Ministry of Industry implementing Decree 68/2005/ND-CP of the Government on Chemical Safety; Law on Standards and Technical Specifications.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS Version Number : 1.0

MSDS Effective Date : 27.08.2010

MSDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

**MSDS Distribution** : The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product.

**Disclaimer** : This information is based on our current knowledge and is

intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property

of the product.